

Types of Journal Manuscripts

1. Research Article

It is an article that is a continuation of the research of the author or a member of the research team. This is the most common type of journal manuscript.

2. Academic Article

It provides a comprehensive summary of research on a certain topic and a perspective on the state of the field and where it is heading. An academic article is often written based on different sources of information, for example, research documents and the author's opinions. An academic article often offers a new perspective, which may or may not support existing paradigms and theories.

Manuscript Components

Research Articles and Academic Articles to consists of

1. **Title** (both Thai and English)

2. **Author(s)** name (both Thai and English) and author's institution

3. **Abstract** (both Thai and English) The abstract is limited to 1 page and summarizes the key components of the manuscript, offering the reader a sample of the manuscript, such as introduction, objectives, methodology, results—not longer than 1 page (A4).

4. **Keywords** (both Thai and English) No more than 5 primary keywords that best suit the topic of the manuscript. Keywords should be placed at the end of the abstract.

5. Main Text

(a) Research Article

- Introduction
- Literature Review
- Methods
- Results
- Discussion and Conclusion

(b) Academic Article

- Introduction
- Literature Review
- Contents
- Discussion and Conclusion

6. **References** begin on a separate page and are listed in alphabetical order by the first author's last name. Only references cited within the text are included. The manuscript must follow the APA format or a reference format required by the Naresuan University Graduate School or follow the link: [Manual Bibliography \(Full version\)](#) or [Manual Bibliography \(Quick\)](#)